

ITS332 – Quiz 2 Answers

Name: _____

ID: _____

Mark: _____ (out of 10)

Question 1 [3 marks]

Match the C Internet socket function to the appropriate description of the function. The socket functions are: accept, bind, connect, listen, socket, write, read.

- a) _____ triggers a TCP SYN segment to be sent
- b) _____ associates an IP address and a port number to a socket
- c) _____ creates an endpoint for communication with another computer
- d) _____ blocks until a TCP SYN segment is received
- e) _____ blocks until a TCP data segment is received

Answers

- a. connect
- b. bind
- c. socket
- d. accept
- e. read

Question 2 [2 marks]

Consider the following files on a computer using Ubuntu Linux and acting as a router and web server:

1. /etc/apache2/sites-available/default
2. /etc/apache2/passwd/passwords
3. /var/log/apache2/access.log
4. /var/www/index.html
5. /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward
6. /home/network/Desktop/index.html

- a) In which file could you find the IP addresses of computers that have accessed the web server?

- b) Which file would you modify to change the computer from a router to a host?
- c) Which file would you modify to ensure users (of web browser) would required to enter a username/password if accessing any file in the web server?

Answer

- a. /var/log/apache2/access.log
- b. /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward
- c. /etc/apache2/sites-available/default

Question 3 [3 marks]

Consider the following entry from a web server log (this is a single entry;):

```
124.121.140.212 - - [12/Feb/2009:19:19:49 +0700] "GET /~steven/its413/index.html HTTP/1.1"
200 2886 "http://ict.siit.tu.ac.th/~steven/index.html" "Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows
NT 5.1)"
```

- a) Do you know the port number that the web browser used? If yes, what is it?
- b) Do you know the IP address that the computer of the web browser used? If yes, what is it?
- c) Do you know the domain name of the web server? If yes, what is it?
- d) Do you know the URL that was requested by the web browser? If yes, what is it?
- e) Do you know the previous page that the web browser visited? If yes, what is it?
- f) Do you know the size of the request sent by the web browser? If yes, what is it?
- g) Do you know the size of the response sent by the web server? If yes, what is it?
- h) Did the requested file exist on the server? Explain how you know the answer.

Answer

- a. No.
- b. Yes. 124.121.140.212
- c. No. (Why not? The request in this case does not include the domain, only the path, e.g. /~steven/its413/index.html. From the information given, there is no way to know the domain of the server)
- d. Yes. /~steven/its413/index.html
- e. Yes. http://ict.siit.tu.ac.th/~steven/index.html
- f. No
- g. Yes. 2886 bytes.
- h. Yes. Response code is 200.

Question 4 [2 marks]

Answer the questions about the following example code segment for a server program:

```
while (1) {
    newsockfd = accept(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *) &cli_addr, &clilen);
    if (newsockfd < 0) error("ERROR on accept");
    pid = fork();
    if (pid < 0) error("ERROR on fork");
    if (pid == 0) {
        close(sockfd);
        handlerequest(newsockfd, client_address);
        exit(0);
    }
    else {
        close(newsockfd);
    }
}
```

Assume the process that is initially created when the program is executed is the parent server process. Also assume no errors occur.

- a) The parent server process that executes the program will:
 - i. Execute the handlerequest() function if a connection from a client is accepted
 - ii. Create a new child process when accept() function is called.
 - iii. Loop continuously, exiting only when the handlerequest() function has completed.
 - iv. Create a new child process for each connection request it accepts.
 - v. None of the above.

- b) The accept() function:
 - i. Initiates a TCP connection to the client.
 - ii. Is a non-blocking function.
 - iii. Will block until a TCP connection request is received by the client.
 - iv. Will be executed by the child server process, not the parent service process.
 - v. None of the above.

- c) If the handlerequest() function takes 10 seconds to execute, then:
 - i. A second client cannot connect to the server within those 10 seconds
 - ii. Clients can only connect to the server at a rate of 1 connection per 10 seconds
 - iii. The rate at which clients can connect to the server is independent of the duration of handlerequest()
 - iv. An error will occur if a second client connects to the server within those 10 seconds

- v. None of the above.

Answer

- a. Create a new child process for each connection request it accepts.
- b. Will block until a TCP connection request is received by the client.
- c. The rate at which clients can connect to the server is independent of the duration of `handlerequest()`